

Study Guide

MIN322

History of Pentecostalism

- 1) Pentecostal leaders.
 - a) Nineteenth Century Pioneers
 - i) Edward Irving
 - ii) Charles H. Spurgeon
 - iii) Charles Finney
 - iv) William Arthur
 - v) Cane Ridge
 - b) Classical Pentecostalism
 - i) Alexander Boddy
 - ii) Abner Blackmon Crumpler (1896—North Carolina Holiness Association)
 - iii) Charles Parham (Topeka, Kansas—founder of Pentecostal Movement)
 - iv) William J. Seymour (Father of Pentecostalism)
 - v) Gaston Barnabas Cashwell (Church of God—Apostle of Pentecost to the South)
 - vi) A. J. Tomlinson (Church of God of Prophecy)
 - vii) Charles Harrison Mason (COGIC)
 - viii) Benjamin Hardin Irwin (Fire-Baptized Holiness Church)
 - ix) William H. Durham (AG—Finished Work Teaching)
 - x) E. N. Bell (AG)
 - xi) Frank Ewart (Pentecostal Assemblies of the World)
 - xii) Glenn Cook (United Pentecostal)
 - xiii) Thomas Ball Barratt (Norway)
 - xiv) John Graham Lake (South Africa)
 - xv) David DuPlessis (Mr. Pentecost)
 - xvi) Ivan Voronaev (Russia)
 - xvii) Mary Ramsey (Japan and Korea)
 - xviii) Paul Yongi Cho (South Korea)
 - c) Mainline Protestant leaders.
 - i) Tommy Tyson (Methodist)
 - ii) J. Rodman Williams (Presbyterian)
 - iii) Pat Robertson (Baptist)
 - iv) Gerald Derstine (Mennonite)
 - v) Vernon Stoup (United Church of Christ)
 - d) Catholic Renewal
 - i) Kevin Ranaghan (Notre Dame)
 - ii) Kilian McDonnell (theologian)
 - e) The Third Wave
 - i) John Wimber
 - f) Women leaders
 - i) Agnes Ozman

- ii) Azusa Street
 - (1) Maria Woodworth-Etter,
 - (2) Julia Hutchinson
 - (3) Lucy Farrow
 - (4) Florence Crawford
 - (5) Jenny Evans Moore.
- g) Aimee Semple McPherson
- h) Kathryn Kuhlman.
- i) Marilyn Hickey
- j) Joyce Meyer.
- k) Freda Lindsey.
- l) Daisy Osborn.
- m) Gwen Shaw and the Endtime Handmaidens.
- 2) Spirit-filled women in the media.
 - a) Aimee Semple McPherson.
 - b) Tammy Faye Bakker.
 - c) Jan Crouch.
 - d) Marilyn Hickey.
 - e) Joyce Meyer.
 - f) Valeria Owen.
 - g)
- 3) Christian television
 - a) Pat Robertson (TBN)
 - b) Paul Crouch (TBN)
 - c) Jim Bakker (PTL)
- 4) Rise of Teaching Ministries—Faith Teachers
 - a) Kenneth Hagin, Sr.
 - b) Kenneth Copeland
 - c) Fred Price
 - d) Reinhart Bonnke
- 5) Colleges
 - a) Oral Roberts University (1965—Tulsa)
 - b) Regent University (1978—Pat Robertson)
 - c) Rhema Bible College (Tulsa—Kenneth Hagin, Sr.)
- 6) Shepherding teachers.
 - a) Derek Prince
 - b) Bob Mumford
 - c) Charles Simpson
 - d) Don Basham
 - e) Ern Baxter
- 7) Jon Arnott (Toronto)
- 8) Brownsville Revival (Pensacola, Florida)
 - a) John Kilpatrick (Brownsville)
 - b) Steve Hill (Brownsville)
- 9) Rodney Howard-Browne (laughing revival)
- 10) Tommy Hicks (evangelist to Argentina).

- 11) Five distinctives of Pentecostal teachings.
- 12) What was the cessationist theory?
- 13) American Holiness teachers.
- 14) Keswick Teachers.
- 15) Azusa Street revival.
 - a) Important leaders.
 - i) William J. Seymour.
 - ii) William Durham.
 - b) Order of services.
- 16) The Welsh revival.
- 17) The beginning of Pentecostalism—Topeka, Kansas—1901.
- 18) William F. Durham and the “Finished Work” controversy.
- 19) Pentecostalism spreads throughout the world.
 - a) Europe.
 - b) Australia.
 - c) Southern Asia.
 - d) Africa.
- 20) Holiness Pentecostal churches.
 - a) Wesleyan Pentecostal Churches.
 - b) The Church of God in Christ.
 - c) The Pentecostal Holiness Church.
 - d) The Churches of God.
 - i) Cleveland, Tennessee.
 - ii) Church of God of Prophecy.
 - iii) Pentecostal Church of God.
- 21) The Assemblies of God Church.
 - a) Founding.
 - b) Early leaders.
 - c) Missions program.
 - d) Mega churches.
- 22) The International Church of the Foursquare Gospel.
- 23) The Oneness Pentecostals.
 - a) The Pentecostal Assemblies of the World.
 - b) The United Pentecostal Church.
- 24) The Charismatic Renewal.
 - a) Episcopal.
 - b) Catholic.
 - c) Lutheran Church.
 - d) The Presbyterian Church.
 - i) Brick Bradford.
 - ii) The Robert Whitaker Case.
 - e) The Mennonites.
 - f) Evangelical Churches.
 - i) Baptist.
 - (1) John Osteen.
 - (2) William Branham.

- (3) Tommy Hicks.
 - (4) Jamie Buckingham
 - (5) Howard Conatser.
 - ii) Prominent Baptist ministers with Pentecostal roots.
 - (1) Charles Stanley.
 - (2) Richard Lee.
 - iii) Methodist.
- 25) Distinction between Classical Pentecostals, Charismatics, and Neo-Pentecostals.
 - 26) Break-offs of Methodist Church.
 - a) The Church of the Nazarene.
 - b) The Free Methodist Church.
 - c) The Wesleyan Church.
 - d) The Salvation Army.
 - 27) What is meant by *charismatic*?
 - 28) What is meant by *glossolalia*?
 - 29) Full Gospel Businessmen's Fellowship—Demos Shakarian.
 - 30) What were some of the movements following the Civil War that contributed toward the progress of women in ministry? Why was this so?
 - 31) The influence of Phoebe Palmer.
 - 32) What conversation did Paul Yonggi Cho have with God that changed his attitude about women?
 - 33) What was the Pentecostal Fellowship of North America, and what was its significance?
 - 34) What was the Voice of Healing movement?
 - 35) Why did many Pentecostal church leaders become cool to the healing revival?
 - 36) Healing ministries.
 - a) William Branham.
 - b) Oral Roberts.
 - c) Jack Coe
 - d) A. A. Allen.
 - 37) What was T. L. Osborn's "co-evangelism?"
 - 38) What was Christ for the Nations?
 - 39) Who are three of the most significant black TV ministers of the 21st century?
 - 40) What is meant by the "Third Wave of the Holy Spirit?"
 - 41) Who was David DuPlessis? What major role did he play in the charismatic movement?
 - 42) What is a mega church?
 - 43) What is the New Apostolic Church Movement?
 - 44) Identify the three waves of the Holy Spirit in the 20th century.
 - 45) In what way is the Third Wave movement in agreement with Pentecostals and charismatics?
 - 46) In what way is the Third Wave movement different with Pentecostals and charismatics?